



## The Role of Low Carbon Technologies

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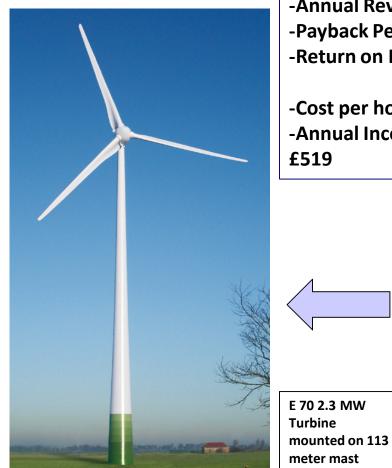
#### The Community of St Margaret's at Cliffe in Dover

- St Margaret's is a seaside village set on the White Cliffs of Dover in Kent; it is located 3 miles from the city of Dover.
- The village has approximately 3000 permanent residents with around 1370 households .
- The estimated total electricity consumption for the St Margaret's Bay community is **8,300,000 kWh/yr.**

82% of the electricity consumption is from households15% of the electricity consumption is from businesses3% of the electricity consumption is from agriculture



#### Large Scale Wind



4 E48 800 KW turbines mounted on 50 meter masts:

-Total cost £4 million -Annual Revenue £710,000 -Payback Period 5.7 years -Return on Investment 17.5%

-Cost per household: £2920 -Annual Income per household: £519

2 E70 2.3 MW turbines mounted on 64 meter masts:

E48 800 kW

Meter mast

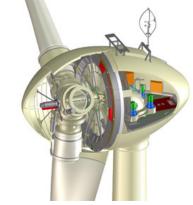
mounted on 76

turbine

-Total cost £4.6 million -Annual Revenue £982,000 -Payback Period 4.7 years -Return on Investment 21%

-Cost per household: £3358 -Annual Income per household: £717





#### **Bio-Mass**



4.5 MW WID Bio-Mass system -With fuel price of £30/Tonne -Total cost £16 million -Annual Revenue £3,548,913 -Payback Period 4.5 years -Return on Investment 22% -16 Permanent Jobs Created

-Cost per household: £11,765 -Annual Income per household: £2609













# Example of a Low Carbon Renovation of an Existing Solid Wall Victorian Semi Detached House

#### **Before Renovation**

Existing structure: North facing, gable solid wall brick with single glazed windows and poor levels of air tightness.

Size: 90 Square Metres

Annual heating requirements including hot water: **14,000 kWh** 

Annual electricity load: 8200 kWh



#### **After Renovation**

Mix of internal and external insulation, replacement double glazed timber windows, very high levels of air tightness and the integration of a MVHR

Size: 85 Square Metres, thisrepresents a loss of approximately5% of floor area due to increasedinsulation

Annual heating requirements including hot water: 2000 kWh, this is an improvement of **85%** 

Annual electricity load: 6000 kWh, this is an improvement of **27%** 

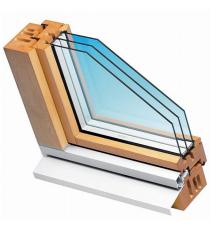
## Example of a Low Carbon Renovation of an Existing Solid Wall Victorian Semi Detached House

#### **Before Renovation**

Annual cost for heat (14,000 kWh at 4.5p per kWh): £630

Annual cost for electricity (8200 kWh at 10p per kWh):£820

Total cost: £1450 per year



#### **After Renovation**

Annual cost for heat (2000 kWh at 4.5p per kWh): £90

Annual cost for electricity (6000 kWh at 10p per kWh): £600

Total cost: **£690 per year** or a reduction of £760 per year

This equates to a reduction of: 86% in Heating cost 27% in Electricity cost 53% in Total cost

## Practical Examples of Sustainable Procurement

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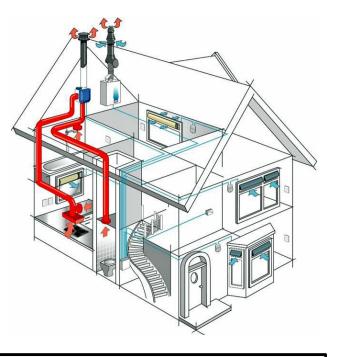
Example of a Low Carbon Renovation of an Existing Solid Wall Victorian Semi Detached House

#### **Building Fabric Improvement Costs:**

In Wall Insulation:	£2500
Under floor Insulation:	£725
Under floor heating:	£2375
Water:	£650
Solar Hot Water and new Boiler:	£5500
Mechanically Ventilated Heat Recovery:	£2500
Glazing*:	£1000

\*Regular glazing that would have met building regulations would have cost £4800; high performance glazing cost £5800 so the uplift to high performance glazing was £1000.

The total cost for Low Carbon aspects of the renovation come to £15,250 or 18% of the total renovation.



Pay Back Period: 20 years at current energy prices

Return on Investment: 5% at current energy prices

## Practical Examples of Sustainable Procurement

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Example of a Low Carbon Renovation of an Existing Solid Wall Victorian Semi Detached House

#### **Carbon Emissions Before Renovation**

From heat (14,000 kWh at 0.204 KG per<br/>2856 KGkWh):2856 KGFrom electricity (8200 kWh at 0.48 KG per<br/>8936 KGCarbon Emissions per year for heat and<br/>electricity:6972 KG per year

#### **Carbon Emissions After Renovation**

From heat (2000 kWh at 0.204 KG per kWh): 408 KG

From electricity (6000 kWh at 0.48 KG per kWh): 2880 KG

Carbon Emissions per year for heat and electricity: **3288 KG per year** 

This equates to a reduction of:

86% in Heating emissions27% in Electricity emissions

**Reduction of 53% in Total emissions** 

## Technologies

#### **PV-T (Photovoltaic Thermal)**

- hybrid technology that combines, monocrystalline photovoltaics and a high efficiency solar thermal collector
- simple low cost, low maintenance energy solution able to facilitate the governments zero-carbon strategy
- **25% higher output** efficiency than monocrystalline PV
- space saving as only one panel producing heat and electricity paybacks in generally less than fifteen years.



#### Technologies

#### **PV-T (Photovoltaic Thermal)**

1 kWp 1 to 1 PV-T Cost: £12,850 installed Size: 8.16 Square Metres Average annual Electricity production: 1100 kWh Average annual Heat production: 1100 kWh Pay Back Period: 21 Years Carbon Offset: 752 KG Total Carbon Offset when viewed on renovation: 64% 3 kWp 1 to 1 PV-T Cost: £24,100 installed Size: 24 Square Metres Average annual Electricity production: 3558 kWh Average annual Heat production: 3558 kWh Pay Back Period: 11 Years Carbon Offset: 2434 KG Total Carbon Offset when viewed on renovation: 88%



2011 Hot ROC's are expected to be introduced at 4.5p per kWh

#### Technologies

#### Solar Hot Water (SHW)

4.5 Square Meter Flat Plate Solar Hot Water system

Cost:£2800 installedAverage annual Heat production:2055 kWhPay Back Period:15YearsCarbon Offset:398 KGTotal Carbon Offset when viewed on renovation:59%

8 Square Meter Flat Plate Solar Hot Water system

Cost:£3900 installedAverage annual Heat production:4096 kWhPay Back Period:10.6 YearsCarbon Offset:794 KGTotal Carbon Offset when viewed on renovation:64%



## Technologies Photo Voltaic (PV)

Photovoltaic's are semi-conductors that produce electricity The three main types of PV used in the UK:



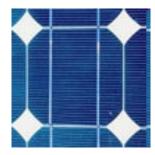
thin film

efficiencies 4-9% cost £1,000-£2,000kW



polycrystalline

efficiencies 14-17% costs £3,000-£5,500kW



monocrystalline

efficiencies 17-19% costs £4,000-£6,500kW

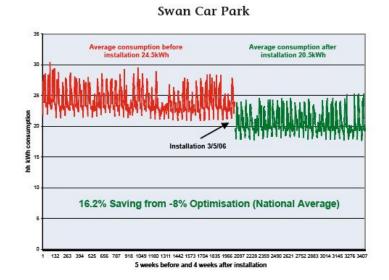
#### Technologies

#### **Voltage Optimisation**

-The technology trims the voltage drawn from the national grid.

-Electrical Energy savings of between 8% and 18% are achievable.

-Average payback periods less than 3 years.



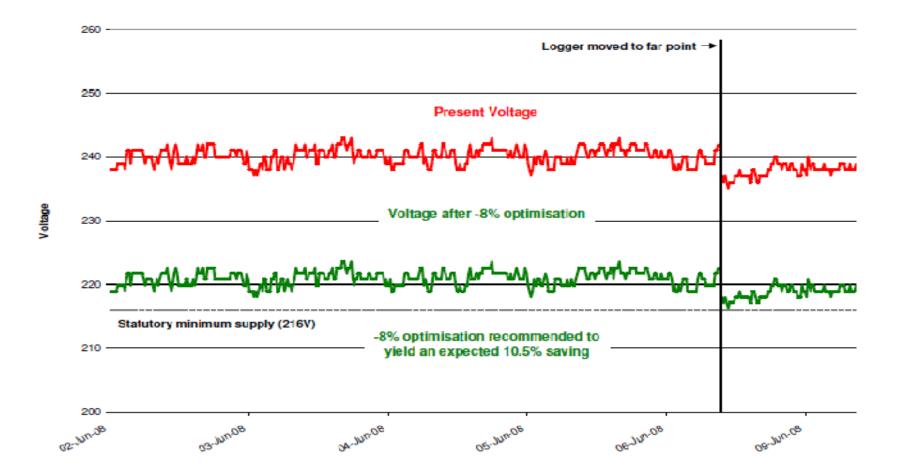
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**pP740kVA-1000A** H: 1410 mm D: 800mm W: 820mm

#### Technologies

#### **Voltage Optimisation**



#### Technologies

#### **Domestic Voltage Optimisation**



-£300 per dwelling

-10% typical reduction in electricity consumption

-Payback 5-8 years

#### Technologies

#### **Lighting Solutions**

Conventional Lamps		
40W	£14.30	
Incandescent		
50W	£17.30	
Incandescent		
60W	£19.93	
Incandescent		
75W	£24.33	
Incandescent		
100W	£31.63	
Incandescent		
50W Halogen	£19.10	

9W CFL	£3.48 or a <b>76%</b>
(equivalent to	reduction
40W	when
Incandescent)	compared with
	40W
	Incandescent
20W CFL	£7.26 or a <b>77%</b>
(equivalent to	reduction
100W	when
Incandescent)	compared with
	100W
	Incandescent
11W CFL	£5.34 or a <b>72%</b>
(equivalent to	reduction
50W Haolgen)	when
	compared with
	50W Halogen





	3.6 Watt LED	£4.05 or a
	35W	62% reduction
5	conventional	when
	Replacement	compared
		with 40W
		conventional
		lamp and a
		16% increase
		when
		compared
		with 9W CFL
	7 Watt LED	£6.33 or a
	Halogen	67% reduction
	Replacement	when
		compared
Was £55 per lamp 3 months ago, now £29	with 50W	
	Was £55 per	Halogen and a
	18% increase	
	when	
	compared	
		with 11W CFL

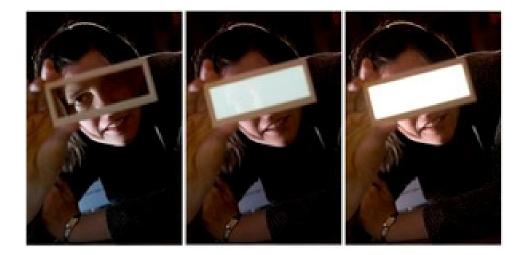
#### Technologies

**Lighting Solutions** 

#### **Organic Light Emitting Diode (OLED)**

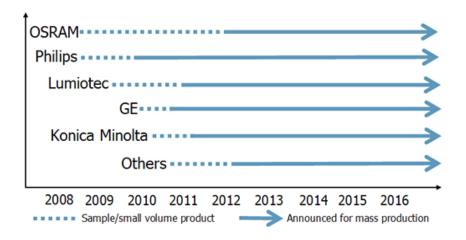


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The OLED100 working group has an overall objective of 100 lumens per watt power efficacity, more than 100,000 "lifetime hours", a unit area of 100 cm by 100 cm at a cost of €100 per square meter or less.

OLEDs are very power efficient and they can be made very thin. An OLED light bulb is actually a thin film of material that emits bright white light. Because OLEDs can be flexible, or even transparent, there are a huge number of new OLED lamp designs possible.



#### Buildings

#### Containerized Building System



#### Buildings



#### Buildings Modern Methods of Construction/ Pre Fabrication



#### Buildings Modern Methods of Construction/ Pre Fabrication





#### **Buildings** The Pines Calyx, our Headquarters

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Buildings



## Thank you

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