System Level Integration -Dongtan and Thames Gateway

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### Systems are Everywhere

- Buildings
- Infrastructure
- Industries
- Supply chains
- Economic development
- Production & Consumption systems
- Cities
- Factories
- Products
- Politics

Systems – over domains, over time – processes





### **Total Design - A Systems Approach**

- Sir Ove Arup 1946
- diverse disciplines highest quality.
- integrated and holistic approach called 'total design'.
- team-working, creativity, sustainability, global nature.
- working with our clients and collaborators, in shaping new environments.
- technical excellence and continuing development.



A very special kind of firm.

## Systems Thinking

- About variables...
  - design variables
  - independent & dependent variables
  - interactions & dependencies
  - people & decisions





#### **Constraint Based Modelling**





### **Global Production & Consumption**

Carbon dioxide emissions penalties can drive manufacturing to developing countries, increase global CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.



"U.S. Trade Policy Shifts Its CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions to China "

> Source: National Centre for Atmospheric Research Dec 06, 2005]

SYNOPSIS: Outsourcing U.S. manufacturing to cheap labour markets with inefficient energy systems is resulting in an increase in greenhouse emissions from those markets.

We must take responsibility for the production of the goods we consume.

### Manufacturing Sustainable Communities - a collaborative

project, private sector, government and NGOs.

- Objective
  - To create a sustainable off-site manufacturing capability in the Thames Gateway, London.
  - Economic regeneration through sustainable OSM.
  - Environmental, economic and social sustainability.





#### Local Context – London Borough of Barking & Dagenham

- Once a major automotive manufacturing area
- OEM now reduced operations because of worldwide overcapacity
- Many local suppliers now struggling to get enough orders
- Innovation is stifled
- Local economy declined

But.....

- Identified as a major expansion area for next 15 years, over 1M homes needed in area
- 2012 Olympics will bring more development opportunity





# Off-Site Manufacture of sustainable dwellings – the opportunity

- OSM inherently more sustainable than traditional construction.
- Skills shortage in traditional construction.
- Higher construction standards mean traditional construction will find it harder / more expensive to meet than OSM.
- OSM limited by construction products optimised for traditional construction methods.
- Many OSM suppliers now entering market, none focus on holistic sustainability.





# Off-Site Manufacture of sustainable dwellings – the project



- Engage local manufacturers in sustainable dwelling design.
- Assist companies to develop sustainable products for OSM sector.
- Provide route to market.
- Favour local sourcing.
- Introduce new skills in sustainable design and manufacturing.
- Develop supply chain interoperability.
- Attract inward investment in sustainable technologies and products.
- Transferable model.





### Manufacturing Sustainable Communities - a new paradigm

- Sustainable dwellings
- manufactured locally
- by local labour
- using locally sourced materials, and
- local product innovation,
- configured in sustainable neighbourhoods
- to enhance quality of life and build sustainable communities

Achieving systemic change through effective partnership.



# **Dongtan Eco City**





#### **Dongtan - Summary Comparison Ecological Footprint**



# Dongtan Energy Strategy



### **Energy Production, Use and Emission Reduction**

Sustainable Eco-city

Energy Demand 600 GWh/year

No CO<sub>2</sub> Emission from energy for power and heat

**Conventional Approach City** 

Energy Demand 1650 GWh/year

CO<sub>2</sub> Emission of 350,000 tons per year



### **Dongtan Energy Centre**

#### SITE WIDE ENERGY STRATEGY



systems to reduce electrical demand by more than 66%

#### **Dongtan Carbon Dioxide Sequestration requirements**

- BaU case 253,000ha based on fossil CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.
- Sustainable scenario 4,000 ha only significant source of fossil CO<sub>2</sub> is from external vehicle transport, assumed conventional.





#### **Sustainable Agriculture - Dongtan**

• Dongtan city will reduce land available for agriculture whilst increasing demand for food crops.

•Sustainable Plant Factories (SPFs) increase food production capacity by factor of 130.

•SPFs can use  $CO_2$  from biomass CHP.



#### **Sustainable Plant Factory**



LED's

Sustainable Eco-City - 9Ha of city factory, no loss of production

Conventional Approach City - Loss of 1170 ha of productive land

ARUP

**Industrial symbiosis** 

photovoltaic panels

LED's selected wavelenght

Crops

### **Dongtan achieves lower Ecological Footprint**

Eco-City Footprint 2.6 gh/person

Conventional Approach City Footprint 5.8 gh/person



### Integrated Resource Modelling



**Integrated Resource Management (IRM) model** – linking and integrating the different technical strands



#### **Constraint Based Modelling for Sustainable Development**



Ecological footprint – 2.6gh/capita down to 1.8gh/capita?





### **Adopting Sustainable Systems**

- Global standards
- Public Procurement
- Technology and innovation
- Tools and capabilities
- Achieving systemic change through partnership in intervention.



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